



The Voluntary Initiative
This label is compliant with the
CPA Voluntary initiative Guidance

600g e



A foliar applied herbicide for control of rye-grasses from seed and a range of annual broad-leaved weeds in winter wheat, rye, triticale and a range of broad-leaved weeds in spring barley.

MAPP 12364

A water dispersible granule formulation containing 5% w/w iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium, sulfonyleurea

The (COSHH) Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations may apply to the use of this product at work.

Bayer CropScience Limited, 230 Cambridge Science Park Milton Road, Cambridge CB4 0WB
Telephone: 01223 226500

For 24 hour emergency information contact Bayer CropScience Limited
Telephone: 0800 220876

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Operator Protection

Engineering control of operator exposure must be used where reasonably practicable in addition to the following personal protective equipment:

WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING (COVERALLS), SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES AND FACE PROTECTION (FACESHIELD) when handling the concentrate.

However engineering controls may replace personal protective equipment if a COSHH assessment shows they provide an equal or higher standard of protection.

IN CASE OF CONTACT WITH EYES, RINSE IMMEDIATELY with plenty of water and seek medical advice.
WHEN USING DO NOT EAT, DRINK OR SMOKE.
WASH HANDS AND EXPOSED SKIN before meals and after work.
AVOID ALL CONTACT WITH SKIN AND EYES.
WASH CONCENTRATE from skin or eyes immediately.

Environmental Protection

To protect aquatic organisms respect an unsprayed buffer zone to surface water bodies in line with LERAP's requirement.

Do not contaminate water with the product or its container. Do not clean application equipment near surface water. Avoid contamination via drains from farmyards and roads. Take extreme care to avoid drift onto crops and non-target plants outside the target area.



published guidance or the statutory buffer zone must be maintained. The results of the LERAP must be recorded and kept available for three years.

DO NOT ALLOW DIRECT SPRAY from horizontal boom sprayers to fall within 5 m of the top of the bank of a static

or flowing waterbody, unless a Local Environmental Risk Assessment for Pesticides (LERAP) permits a narrower buffer zone, or within 1 m of the top of a ditch which is dry at the time of application.
DO NOT ALLOW DIRECT SPRAY from hand-held sprayers to fall within 1 m of the top of the bank of a static or flowing waterbody. Aim spray away from water.

Storage and Disposal

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
KEEP AWAY FROM FOOD, DRINK AND ANIMAL FEEDINGSTUFFS.
WASH OUT CONTAINER THOROUGHLY and dispose of safely.

HUSSAR

Contains 5% w/w iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium, sulfonyleurea



IRRITANT



DANGEROUS FOR THE ENVIRONMENT

RISK OF SERIOUS DAMAGE TO EYES

VERY TOXIC TO AQUATIC ORGANISMS, MAY CAUSE LONG-TERM ADVERSE EFFECTS IN THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT.

In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.

Wear eye/face protection.

Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

To avoid risks to man and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

FOR USE ONLY AS AN AGRICULTURAL HERBICIDE

Crops:	Winter wheat, rye, triticale and spring barley
Maximum individual dose:	Winter wheat, rye, triticale: 200 g of product per hectare Spring barley: 150g of product per hectare
Maximum number of treatments:	One per crop
Latest time of application:	Winter wheat, rye, triticale: before third node detectable (GS33). Spring barley: before pseudostem erect (GS30)
Other specific restrictions:	This product must only be applied between 1 February in the year of harvest and the specified latest time of application. To avoid the build up of resistance do not apply this or any other product containing an ALS herbicide with claims of control of grass-weeds more than once to any crop.

READ THE LABEL BEFORE USE. USING THIS PRODUCT IN A MANNER THAT IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL MAY BE AN OFFENCE. FOLLOW THE CODE OF PRACTICE FOR USING PLANT PROTECTION PRODUCTS.

GB04731092e rA6

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

IMPORTANT: This information is approved as part of the Product Label. All instructions within this section must be read carefully in order to obtain safe and successful use of this product.

RESTRICTIONS

DO NOT USE in mixture or sequence with any other ALS inhibitor, such as a sulfonylurea.
 DO NOT apply to undersown crops or crops to be undersown.
 DO NOT roll or harrow within one week of spraying.
 DO NOT spray crops under stress, suffering drought, waterlogged, grazed, lacking nutrients or if the soil is compacted.
 Do not spray if rain is imminent
 Do not spray if frost is expected. If the leaves are wet or covered with ice, run-off may occur.
 Avoid overlapping of spray swaths
 Broadcast crops should be sprayed post-emergence after the plants have a well established root system and all other conditions on the label and leaflet are met.
 Store in a cool, dry, safe place designated as an agrochemical store, away from seeds and animal feedingstuffs

WEEDS CONTROLLED

This product contains iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium which is an ALS inhibitor, also classified by the Herbicide Resistance Action Committee as 'Group B'. Use only as part of a resistance management strategy that includes cultural method of control and does not use ALS inhibitors as the sole chemical method of grass-weed control. Strains of some annual grasses, (e.g. black-grass, wild-oats and Italian rye-grass), have developed resistance to herbicides which may lead to poor control. A strategy for preventing and managing such resistance should be adopted. Guidelines have been produced by the Weed Resistance Action Group and copies are available from the HGCA, CPA, your distributor, crop adviser or product manufacturer.
 The presence of enhanced metabolism herbicide resistant populations of Italian rye-grass may lead to unacceptable levels of control when applied beyond GS 30 of the weed.
 To reduce the risk of developing resistance or where resistance to sulfonylurea herbicides is suspected applications should be made to young, actively growing weeds.

Key aspects of the HUSSAR resistance management strategy are:-

- ALWAYS follow WRAG guidelines for preventing and managing herbicide resistant grass and broad-leaved weeds.
- DO NOT use HUSSAR as a stand alone treatment for rye-grass or common chickweed.
- Winter cereals: Use in sequence with a robust autumn herbicide programme.
- IDEALLY apply HUSSAR as early as possible in the spring and before GS 31 of rye-grass.
- DO NOT use HUSSAR as the sole means of rye-grass or broad-leaved weed control in successive crops.
- ALWAYS use herbicides with non-ALS modes of action throughout the cropping rotation.
- ALWAYS monitor weed control effectiveness and investigate any odd patches of poor grass or broad-leaved weed control. If unexplained contact your agronomist who may consider a resistance test appropriate.

	Weeds controlled at 200 g/product/ha	Weeds controlled at 150 g/product/ha	Weeds controlled at 100 g/product/ha
Broad-leaved weeds: Post-emergence control to stage stated below			
Cleavers	8 whorl	-	
Common chickweed	Flower bud stage	Flower bud stage	6 leaf stage
Common field speedwell	Flower bud stage	4 leaf stage	-
Mayweeds	Young plant stage	Young plant stage	6 leaf stage
Red dead-nettle	8 leaf stage	4 leaf stage	-
Common hemp-nettle		4 leaf stage	-
Volunteer oilseed rape		4 leaf stage	4 leaf stage
Charlock		4 leaf stage	4 leaf stage
Fat hen		4 leaf stage	-
Black-bindweed		2 leaf stage	-
Knotgrass		2 leaf stage	-
Field pansy		4 leaf stage (MR)	-
Grass weeds:			
Rye-grasses (from seed)	GS30	-	-
Rye-grasses (from seed)	GS34 (MS)	-	-

MR = Moderately Resistant
 MS = Moderately Susceptible

Kill of weeds with HUSSAR is slow, particularly under cool, dry conditions. Sometimes, the weeds may only be stunted but they will normally have little or no competitive effect on the crop.

CROP SPECIFIC INFORMATION

For use on all commercially available varieties of winter wheat, rye, triticale and spring barley. Limited data indicates that HUSSAR can be used on all soil types.

In winter wheat, rye and triticale apply HUSSAR from the three-leaf stage of the crop up to and including second node detectable (GS32).

In spring barley apply Hussar from the three-leaf stage of the crop up to and including late tillering (GS29). Applications to spring barley may cause transient crop yellowing, however this should not affect yields.

Limited data support the crop safety of HUSSAR to wheat treated between the growth stages of three leaves and two tillers and crops of rye and triticale.

For optimum results, apply HUSSAR during warm weather, when the soil is moist and the weeds actively growing. Dry conditions resulting in moisture stress may reduce effectiveness.

Apply in spring (from 1 February) when the weeds are actively growing at an appropriate rate according to the susceptibility of the target weed (for optimal results, use application techniques which ensure good weed coverage and crop penetration) in 200-400 litres of water per hectare. Use up to 400 litres of water per hectare where crops are thick or weeds dense. Apply using a pressure of 2.5-3.0 bar and a spray quality of **MEDIUM** (BCPC category).

Take extreme care to avoid damage by drift onto broad-leaved plants outside the target area or onto ponds, waterways and ditches.

FOLLOWING CROPS

After an application of HUSSAR there are no restrictions on following cereal crops or sugar beet sown in the spring of the following year.

DO NOT USE in mixture or sequence with any other ALS inhibitor, such as a sulfonylurea.

MIXING

Half fill the spray tank with clean water, start agitation and add the required quantity of HUSSAR directly to the tank. Top up the tank to the required volume. Continue agitation whilst spraying.

When tank-mixing, always add HUSSAR to the spray tank first and fully disperse before adding other products. Do not allow HUSSAR granules to come into contact with the undiluted concentrate of any other product.

Sprayer hygiene

It is important that the spray tank, boom, hoses, filters and nozzles are thoroughly washed out to remove all traces of HUSSAR immediately after spraying and before the sprayer is used on crops other than cereals.

Use either of the following procedures:-

(a) Bleach cleaning

1. Drain sprayer completely, then wash out tank boom and hoses with clean water. Drain again.
2. Half-fill tank with clean water and add chlorine bleach (i.e. bleach with 10% available chlorine) at a dilution rate of 2.5 litres of bleach per 1,000 litres of water. Complete filling the tank with water. Flush through boom and hoses then leave sprayer for 10 minutes with agitation on. Then drain completely.
3. Remove nozzles and filters and leave to soak in a bleach solution of 250 ml bleach per 10 litres of water whilst tank cleaning is in progress.
4. Flush the tank, boom and hoses with clean water.
5. Inspect tank to confirm no residues are present.

Ensure any spray contamination on the outside of the sprayer is removed by washing in clean water.

(b) Ammonia-based cleaning (e.g. All Clear® Extra)

Follow manufacturers' recommendations for sulfonylurea herbicides.

DO NOT MIX any bleach or chlorinating agent with any ammonia-based cleaning agent as toxic gases may be liberated.

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Section 6 of the Health and Safety at Work Act

Additional Product Safety Information (This section does not form part of the approved product label). The product label provides information on a specific pesticidal use of the product; do not use otherwise, unless you have assessed any potential hazard involved, the safety measures required and that the particular use has "off-label" approval or is otherwise permitted. The information on this label is based on the best available information including data from test results.

SAFETY DATA SHEET according to EC Directive 2001/58/EC

HUSSAR Version 1 / GB Revision Date: 09.05.2006 102000011353

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING**Product information**

Trade name HUSSAR
 Product code (UVP) 06452507
 Usage herbicide
 Company Bayer CropScience Limited, 230 Cambridge Science Park
 Milton Road, Cambridge CB4 0WB
 Telephone +44(0)1223 226500
 Telefax +44(0)1223 426240
 Emergency telephone number 0800-220876 (UK 24 hr)
 +44(0)1603-242424 (Overseas 24 hr)

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature
 Water dispersible granules (WG)
 Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium 5 %, mefenpyr-diethyl 15 %

Hazardous components

Chemical Name	CAS-No. / EINECS-No.	Symbol(s):	R-phrases)	Concentration [%]
Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium	144550-36-7	N	R50/53	5.00
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic	64742-94-5 265-198-5	Xi, N	R51/53, R65, R66	> 5.00 - > 25.00
Alkylated naphthalene sulfonate, formaldehyde polymer, sodium salt	68425-94-5	Xi	R36/38	> 5.00 - < 25.00
Synthetic amorphous silica	112926-00-8			> 5.00 - > 25.00
Kaolin	1332-58-7			> 5.00 - > 25.00
Olefin sulphonate, sodium salt	68439-57-6 270-407-8	Xi	R38, R41	> 1.00 - < 5.00

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**Risk advice to man and the environment**

Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES**Inhalation**

Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Move to fresh air.

Skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, if available with polyethyleneglycol 400, subsequently rinse with water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye contact

In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Notes to Physician**Symptoms**

To date no symptoms are known.

Treatment

Initial treatment should be symptomatic and supportive. Gastric lavage, then charcoal (carbo medicalis) and sodium sulfate. Elimination by dialysis (forced alkaline diuresis). Monitoring of: kidney, liver and red blood cell count.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**Suitable Extinguishing Media**

water spray, alcohol-resistant foam

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

high volume water jet, carbon dioxide (CO₂), dry powder

Specific hazards during fire fighting

In the event of fire the following can be released: carbon monoxide (CO), nitrogen oxides (NO_x), Sulphur oxides, phosphorus oxides (e.g. phosphorus pentoxide), hydrogen chloride (HCl), hydrogen iodide (HI), hydrogen fluoride

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Wear full protective suit. In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information

Avoid generation of product dust cloud. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Whenever possible, contain fire-fighting water by diking area with sand or earth.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**Personal Precautions**

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment.

Environmental Precautions

Do not discharge into the drains/surface water/groundwater. If spillage enters drains leading to sewage works inform local water company immediately. If spillage enters rivers or watercourses, inform the Environment Agency (emergency telephone number 0800 807060).

Methods for Cleaning Up

Use mechanical handling equipment. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Additional Advice

Information regarding safe handling, see section 7. Information regarding personal protective equipment, see section 8. Information regarding waste disposal, see section 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**Handling****Advice on safe handling**

Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Care should be taken to avoid formation of dust from abraded granules.

Storage**Requirements for storage areas and containers**

Store in original container.
 Keep tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
 Keep away from direct sunlight.

Advice on common storage

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Storage stability

Storage period	> 24 Months
Storage temperature	20 - 30 °C
Other data	Storage temperature should ideally lie between 0 and 30 °C, however, storage for two weeks at 54 °C has shown no adverse effects regarding product safety or stability.

Suitable materials

aluminium composite film (min. 0,007 mm Aluminium)
 Coextruded containers with an internal barrier layer made of ethylene vinyl alcohol copolymer (EVOH)
 Coextruded containers with an internal barrier layer made of polyamide (PA).

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Refer to COSHH assessment (Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (Amendment) Regulations 2004).
Engineering controls should be used in preference to personal protective equipment wherever practicable.
Refer also to COSHH Essentials.

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Update	Basis
Synthetic amorphous silica (Inhalable dust.)	112926-00-8	10 mg/m ³ (TWA)	2005	EH40 WEL
Synthetic amorphous silica (Respirable dust.)	112926-00-8	4 mg/m ³ (TWA)	2005	EH40 WEL
Synthetic amorphous silica (Inhalable dust.)	112926-00-8	6 mg/m ³ (TWA)	2005	EH40 WEL
Synthetic amorphous silica (Respirable dust.)	112926-00-8	2.4 mg/m ³ (TWA)	2005	EH40 WEL
Kaolin (Respirable dust.)	1332-58-7	2 mg/m ³ (TWA)	2005	EH40 WEL

Additional Advice

Observe: Exposure Limits In Air, Group 3: 100 mg/m³/ 20 ppm. (aromatic-rich hydrocarbon mixes with > 25% aromatics TRGS 901, No. 72)

Engineering measures

See section 7; no measures exceeding those mentioned are necessary.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory Protection	Wear respirator conforming to EN149FFP1. Respiratory protection should only be used to control residual risk of short duration activities, when all reasonably practicable steps have been taken to reduce exposure at source e.g. containment and/or local extract ventilation. Always follow respirator manufacturer's instructions regarding wearing and maintenance.
Hand Protection	Wear CE Marked (or equivalent) nitrile rubber gloves (minimum thickness 0,40 mm). Wash when contaminated. Dispose of when contaminated inside, when perforated or when contamination outside cannot be removed. Wash hands always before eating, drinking, smoking or using the toilet.
Eye protection	Wear goggles conforming to EN166 (Field of Use 5 or equivalent).
Skin and body protection	Wear standard coverall and type 5 suit. Wear two layers of clothing wherever possible. Polyester/cotton or cotton overalls should be worn under chemical protection suit and should be professionally laundered frequently.
Hygiene measures	When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands and face before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Protective measures Do not breathe dust. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**Appearance**

Form	granular
Colour	pale beige to brown
Odour	aromatic

Safety data

Flammability (solid, gas)	The product is not flammable.
Bulk Density	699 - 821 kg/m ³
Water Solubility	dispersible
Impact Sensitivity	not impact-sensitive
Combustion number	CN3 Local combustion without spreading
Oxidizing properties	No oxidizing properties
Explosivity	Not explosive
Dust content	almost dustfree

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Conditions to Avoid	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Materials to avoid	None.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	No hazardous decomposition products if stored and handled as prescribed.
Hazardous Reactions	None known. Stable under recommended storage conditions.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Oral Toxicity	LD50 (rat) > 2,000 mg/kg
Acute Inhalation	Toxicity Not relevant because of low dust formation.
Acute Dermal Toxicity	LD50 (rat) > 5,000 mg/kg Test conducted with a similar formulation.
Skin Irritation	Slight irritant effect - does not require labelling. (rabbit)
Eye Irritation	Risk of serious damage to eyes. (rabbit)
Sensitization	Non-sensitizing. (guinea pig) OECD Test Guideline 406, Buehler test

Further information

The toxicological data refer to a similar formulation.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**Ecotoxicity effects**

Toxicity to Fish	LC50 (Rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)) 10 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia	EC50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna)) 7.8 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae	EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) 0.87 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

Further information on ecology**Additional ecological information**

The ecotoxicological data refer to a similar formulation.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Product**

In accordance with current regulations may be taken to waste disposal site or incineration plant, after consultation with site operator and/or with the responsible authority. Advice may be obtained from the local waste regulation authority (part of the Environment Agency in the UK).

Contaminated packaging

Small containers (< 10 l or < 10 kg) should be rinsed thoroughly using an integrated pressure rinsing device, or, by manually rinsing three times. Add washings to sprayer at time of filling. Dispose of empty and cleaned packaging safely. Large containers (> 25 l or > 25 kg) should not be rinsed or re-used for any other purpose. Return large containers to supplier. Follow advice on product label and/or leaflet.

Waste key for the unused product

020108 agrochemical waste containing dangerous substances

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**ADR/RID/ADNR**

JN-No	3077
Labels	9
Packaging group	III
Hazard no.	90
Description of the goods	UN 3077 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (IODOSULFURON-METHYL SODIUM/SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) HEAVY AROMATIC MIXTURE)

IMDG

JN-No	3077
Class	9
Packaging group	III
EmS	F-A , S-F
Marine pollutant	Marine pollutant
Description of the goods	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (IODOSULFURON-METHYL SODIUM/SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) HEAVY AROMATIC MIXTURE)

IATA

JN-No	3077
Class	9
Packaging group	III
Description of the goods	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (IODOSULFURON-METHYL SODIUM/SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) HEAVY AROMATIC MIXTURE)

UK 'Carriage' Regulations

JN-No	3077
Labels	9
Packaging group	III
Hazard no.	90
Emergency action code	2Z
Description of the goods	UN 3077 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (IODOSULFURON-METHYL SODIUM/SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) HEAVY AROMATIC MIXTURE)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2002: CHIP 3 and any subsequent amendments.

Classification:

Hazard warning labelling compulsory

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

- Iodosulfuron-methyl-sodium

Symbol(s)

Xi	Irritant
N	Dangerous for the environment

R-phrases(s)

R41	Risk of serious damage to eyes.
R50/53	Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

S-phrases(s)

S26	In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.
S35	This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.
S39	Wear eye/face protection.
S57	Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination.

Exceptional labelling

To avoid risks to man and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

Further information

WHO-classification: III (Slightly hazardous)

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Text of R phrases mentioned in Section 2:

R36/38	Irritating to eyes and skin.
R38	Irritating to skin.
R41	Risk of serious damage to eyes.
R50/53	Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R51/53	Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R65	Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
R66	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

The above information is intended to give general health and safety guidance on the storage and transport of the product.

It is not intended to apply to the use of the product for which purposes the product label and any appropriate technical usage literature available should be consulted and any relevant licenses, consents or approvals complied with. The requirements or recommendations of any relevant site or working procedure, system or policy in force or arising from any risk assessment involving the substance or product should take precedence over any of the guidance contained in this safety data sheet where there is a difference in the information given. The information provided in this safety data sheet is accurate at the date of publication and will be updated as and when appropriate. No liability will be accepted for any injury, loss or damage resulting from any failure to take account of information or advice contained in this safety data sheet. This version replaces all previous versions.